

Transactional Archives: A Novel Web Preservation Paradigm



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Memento: Transactional Archiving
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1



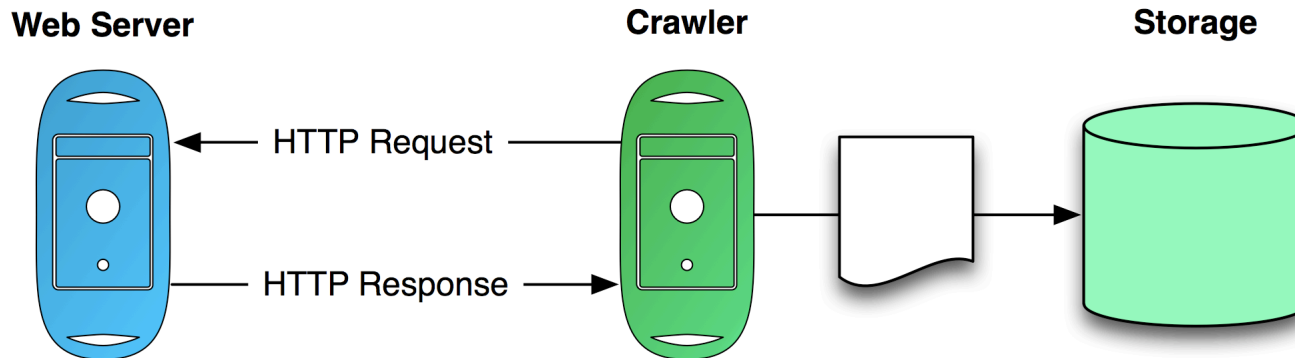
Memento: Transactional Archiving

- Transactional Archiving?
- Server Side Capture
 - Submission, Storage, Access
- Browser Side Capture
 - Submission, Storage, Access
- Memento



Transactional Archiving?

- Current web archives actively crawl the web

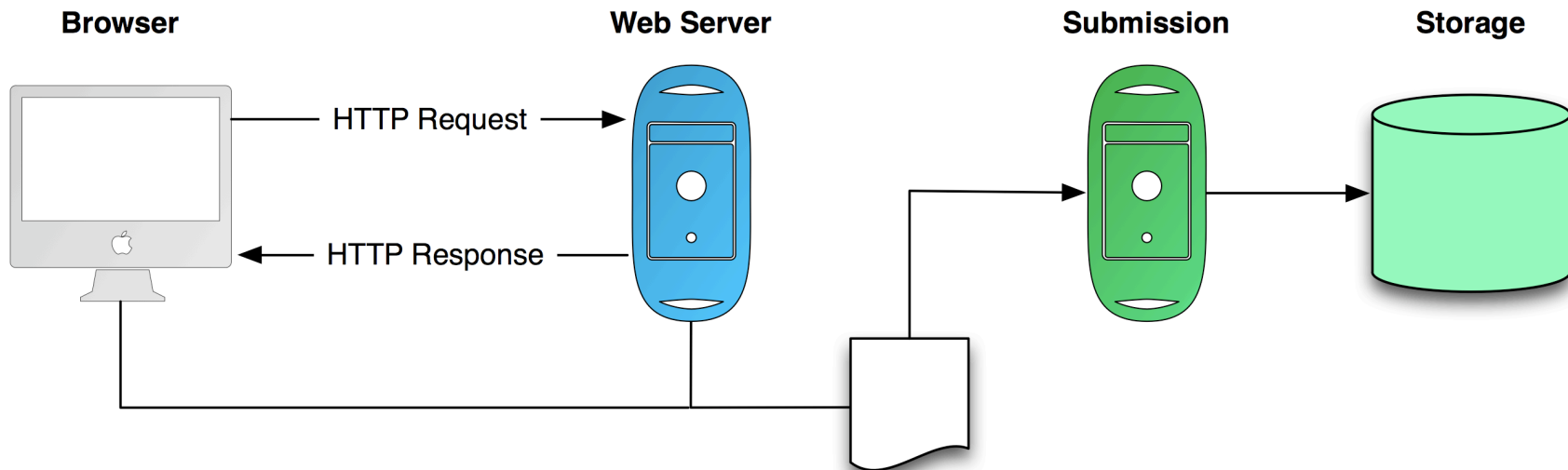


- For example, Heritrix from the Internet Archive and the many archives that use it



Transactional Archiving?

- Transactional archives passively accept submitted HTTP transactions between browser and server



- For example, TTApache, PageVault and Everlast.



Why Transactional Archiving?

- Issues with crawler based archiving:
 - Can be rejected (robots.txt, by user-agent, by host IP)
 - Can be deceived (cloaking: geo-location, by user-agent)
 - Can be trapped (infinite auto-generated pages)
 - Don't necessarily capture well used resources
 - Require constant and massive bandwidth

- None of these are true for Transactional Archiving ...
... but, it has its own different set of challenges



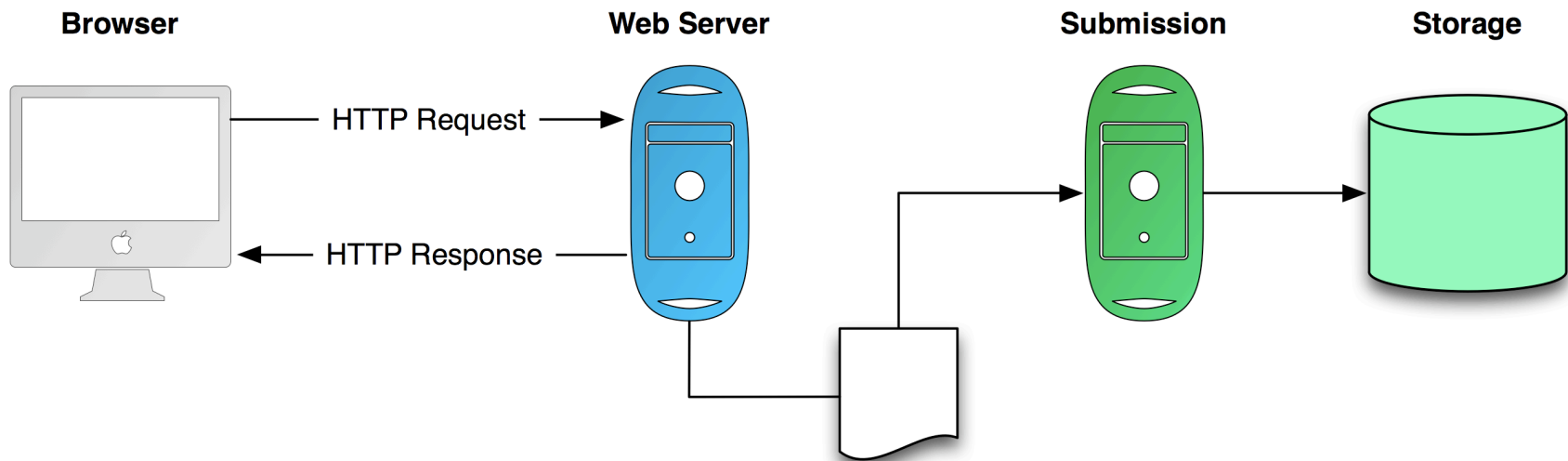
Transactional Archiving?

- Need to record transactions between browser and server
 - Server side: Servers to be archived must cooperate
 - Browser side: Many browsers must cooperate
- Need to transfer data to archive: either batch mode or real-time
- Archive must trust submission to be authentic
- Deduplication challenges as can't control what will be submitted:
 - Aliases: Different URL, same response
 - Negotiation: Same URL, different response
 - Determine "significant" change in response
 - Other factors for what to archive/throw away?



Server Side Capture

- Approach:
 - Willing server records the request and response headers and response body just before returning to the browser
 - Server sends to an archive for storage



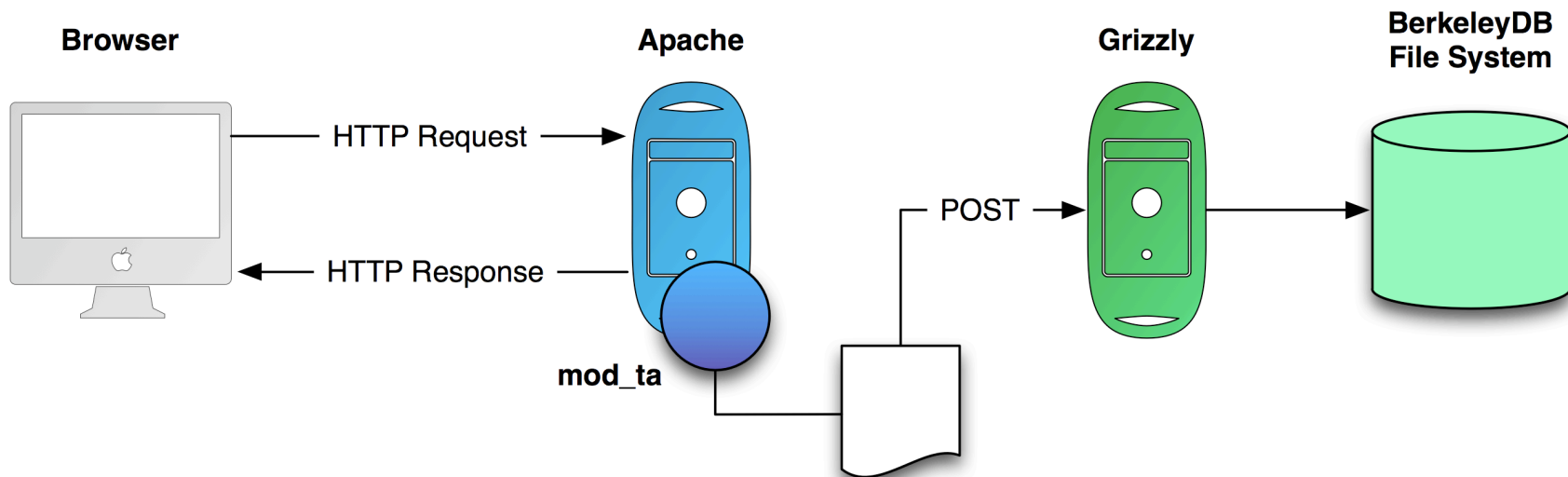
Server Side Capture/Submission

- Developer: Luda Balakireva
- Capture Implementation
 - Apache connection filter module implemented in C to trap URL, headers and response body
 - Module POSTs to a configurable URL in real time
- Submission Implementation
 - Java/Grizzly+Jersey for handling submission interface
 - Can also be deployed under tomcat or glassfish
 - BerkeleyDB for storing metadata
 - Headers and response body data stored in file system



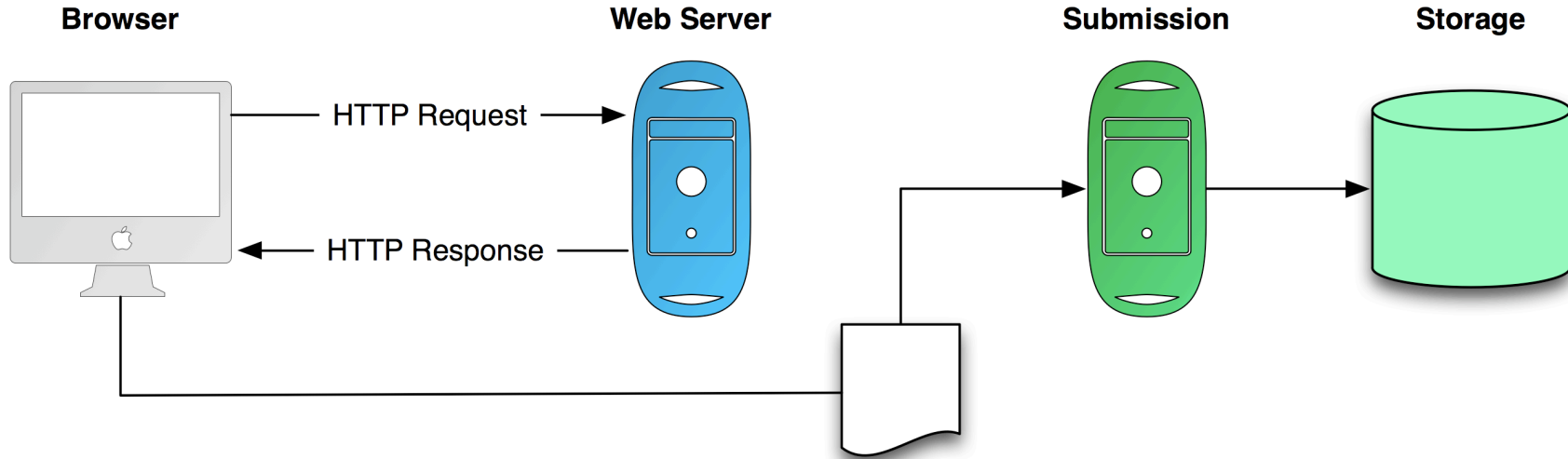
Server Side Capture

- Direct server to server upload, in real time:
 - Most configurations will have server/archive in close network proximity
 - Reduces wait time between observation and being discoverable in archive



Browser Side Capture

- Approach:
 - Willing browser records the request and response headers and response body after receiving from server
 - Browser sends to an archive for storage



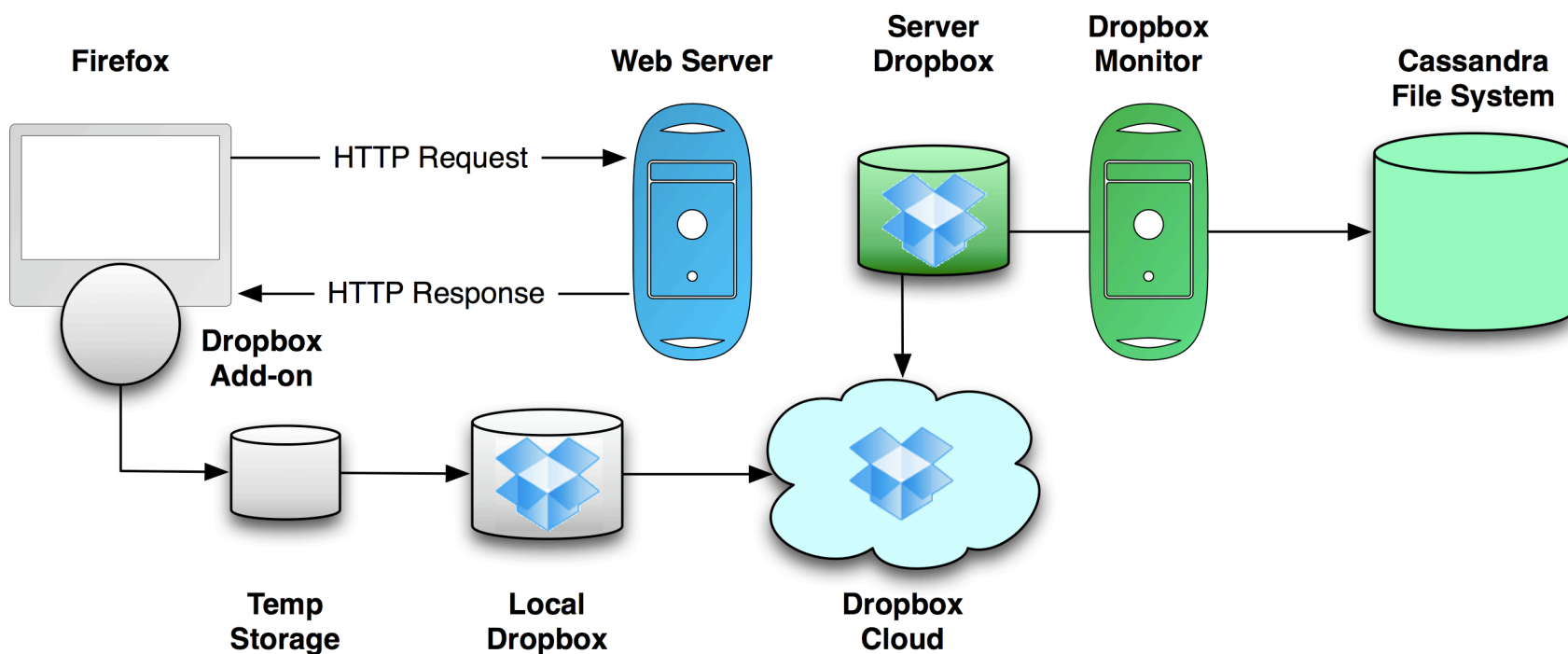
Browser Side Capture/Submission

- Developer: Rob Sanderson
- Capture Implementation
 - Firefox add-on captures headers and body and writes to temporary storage on local disk
 - After configurable amount of data stored, module compresses and moves to a shared Dropbox folder for batch upload
 - (Limited) Ability to detect and ignore private data
- Submission Implementation
 - Dropbox used as transfer, temporary storage mechanism
 - Python monitor system on top of Dropbox
 - Cassandra (NoSQL hash store) for storing metadata
 - Response body and headers stored in pair-tree file system

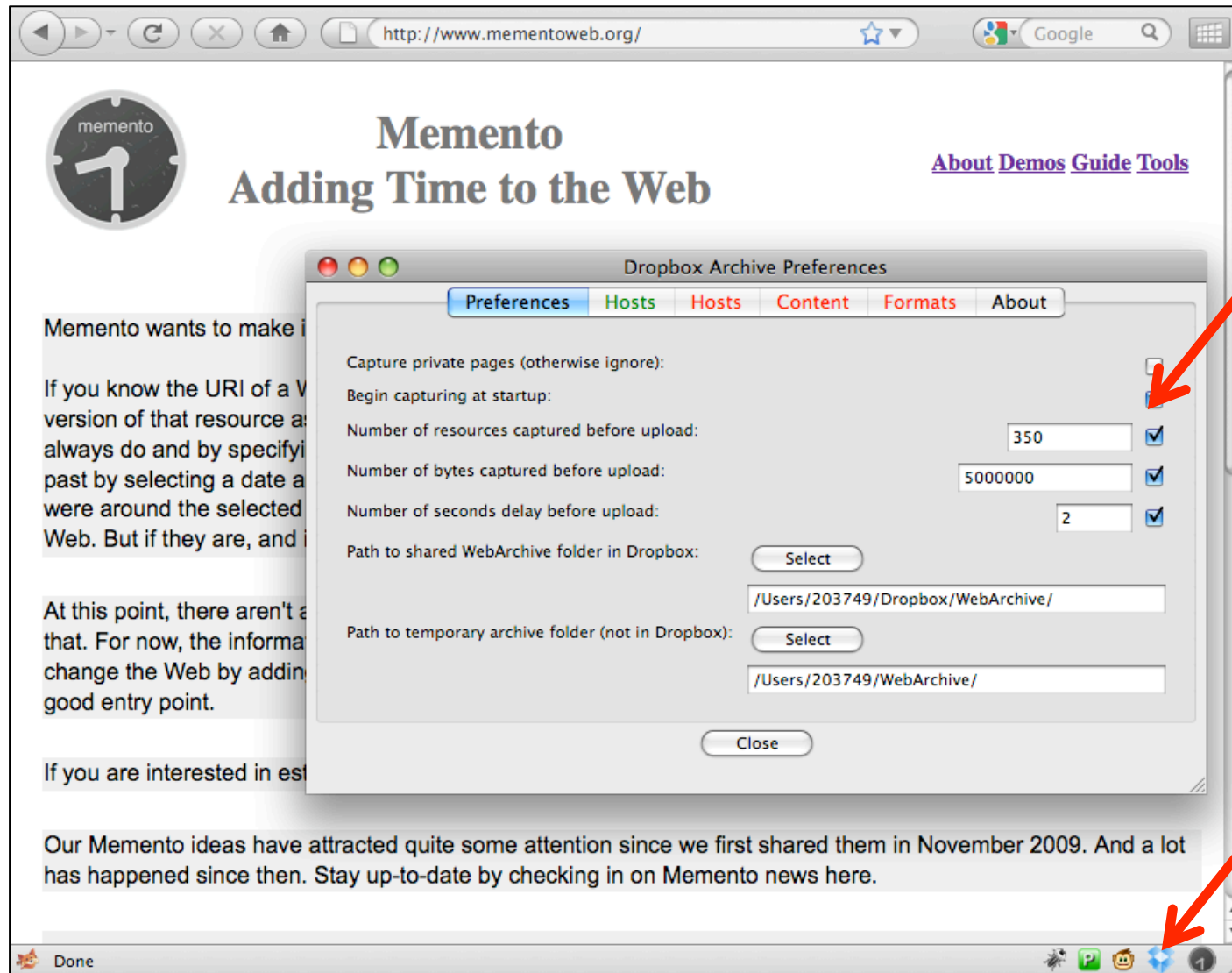


Browser Side Submission

- Reasons for Dropbox rather than direct upload:
 - Batch upload via existing infrastructure reduces bandwidth
 - Increases Firefox responsiveness
 - Batch processing can be scheduled as needed



Browser Side Capture/Submission

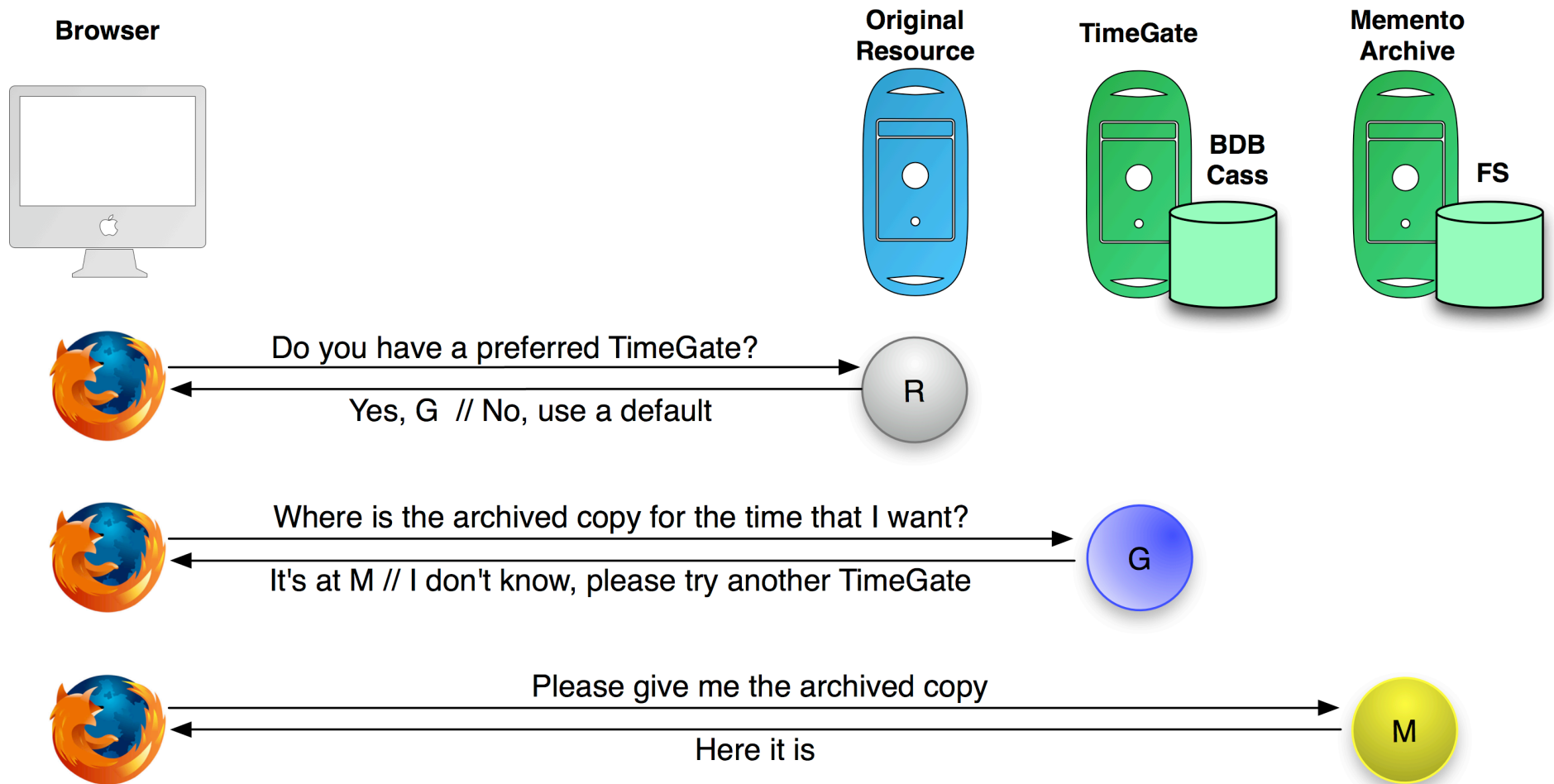


Upload Preferences

Public/Private Status Icon



Memento in One Slide



Access via Memento

- Both archives provide Memento TimeGates for access
- TimeGates can be used with MementoFox:
 - Endorsed Firefox add-on: <http://bit.ly/memfox>
 - Must be configured with Dropbox archive TimeGate
 - Processes every HTTP request, not just HTML page
- Distributed access is intentional design feature
 - Possible to construct views from multiple archives:
Server side will have most authentic copy, but may embed image from another server, only in Dropbox archive



Server Side Access

- Access to archive via Memento TimeGate
 - Implemented in Grizzly server using Jersey library
- Original Server uses HTTP Link header to point to archive

- Export functionality also available to WARC format to extract data in batch mode
 - By datetime of last update
 - By URL



Browser Side Access

- Apache/Python Memento TimeGate for access
 - Archive provides combined, anonymous TimeGate
 - Also provides per-user TimeGates to see own archive
 - Per-User currently secure only through obscurity
 - Export functionality also yet to be implemented



Access via Memento

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `http://mementoarchive.lanl.gov/store/ta/20091022120001/http://`. The browser interface includes a search bar with 'Google' and a 'Requested Date' slider set to 2010, with a specific date of 10/22/2009 selected. A 'MementoFox Preferences' dialog box is open, displaying a list of TimeGate URLs: `http://megalodon.lanl.gov/dbox/all/timegate/`, `http://megalodon.lanl.gov/aggr/timegate/`, `http://memento.waybackmachine.org/memento/timegate/`, `http://mementoproxy.lanl.gov/aggr/timegate/`, and 'new'. The dialog also features 'up', 'down', 'add', 'delete', 'reset', and 'save' buttons. Below the browser, two photographs show individuals holding up physical Memento archive pages, one from BBC NEWS and one from CNN.com, both dated 2009-10-21.

**Experimental
Transactional
Archive**

**TimeGate
Preferences**



Community Involvement

- Try out MementoFox! Feedback is always welcome
- Internet Archive is about to release native Memento support for Wayback. Please update!
- Memento implementations exist for:
 - MediaWiki (available now)
 - WordPress (soon)
 - Drupal (soon)
- If you run one, install the Memento plugin
- If you run a different one, develop a Memento plugin for it?
- And most importantly, let us know! :)



Summary

- Implemented and tested two types of Transactional Archive:
 - Server Side
 - Browser Side
- Transactional Archives lack many of the challenges of Crawler based Archives
- Implemented Memento TimeGates for Transactional Archives:
 - Does not require rewriting URIs for self-contained-ness
 - Works well with automated, distributed access patterns
- Access via Browser add-on is fast and seamless
- Server and Browser archiving code will be released



Memento wants to make Navigating the Web's Past Easy



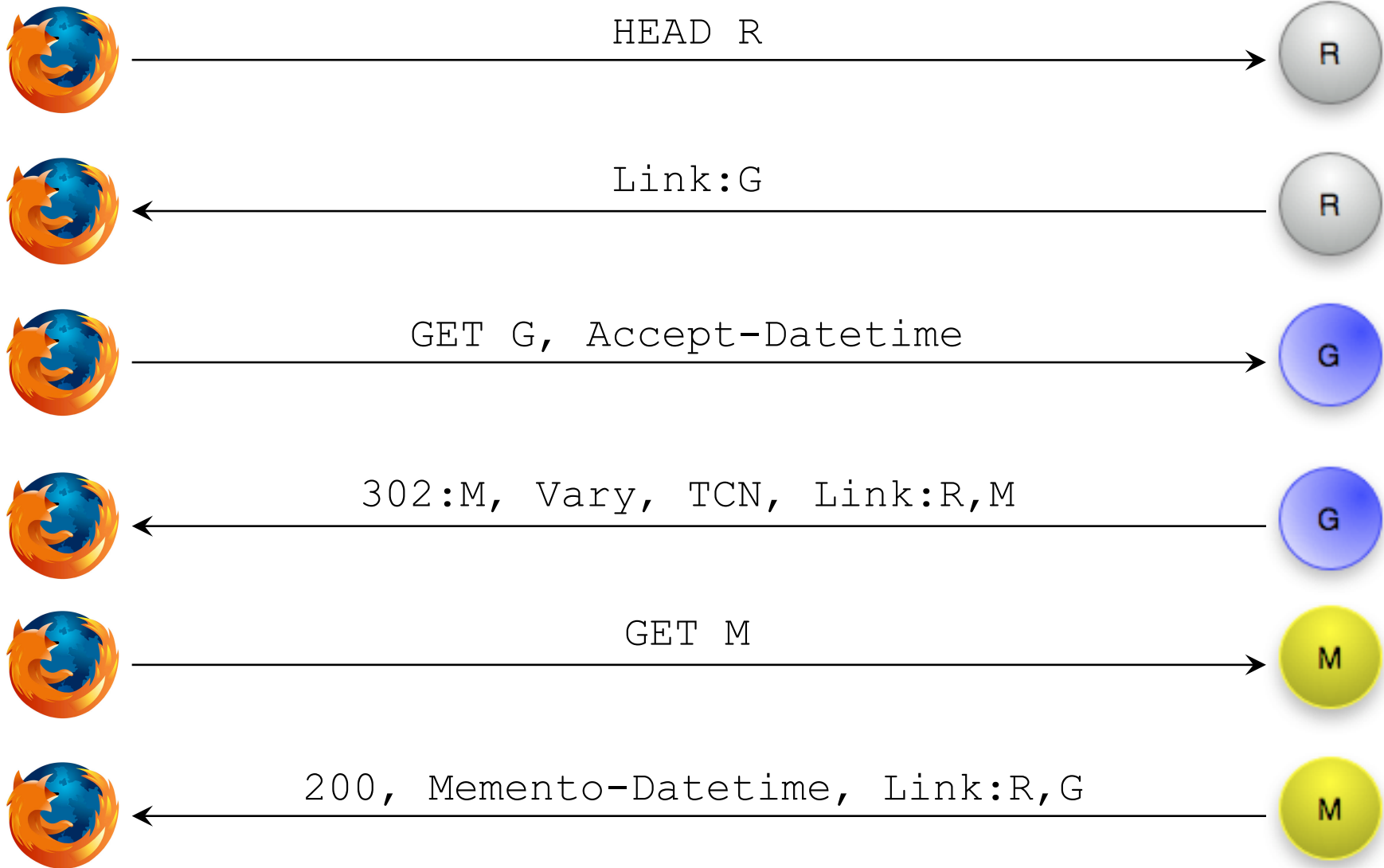
Learn: <http://www.mementoweb.org/>

Talk: <http://groups.google.com/group/memento-dev>

Use: <http://bit.ly/memfox>



Memento HTTP Flow



The Web with Time Dimension added by Memento

